



Test Report issued under the responsibility of:



TEST REPORT IEC 62109-2 erter for use in Photo

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检测 TESTING CNAS L6791

Safety of Power Converter for use in Photovoltaic Power Systems Part 2: Particular requirements for inverters

Report Number:	BL-DG2030075-B01 attachment 1
Date of issue:	May 25, 2020
Total number of pages	23
Name of Testing Laboratory preparing the Report	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd
Applicant's name:	Shenzhen SOFAR SOLAR Co., Ltd.
Address:	401, Building 4, AnTongDa Industrial Park, District 68, XingDong Community, XinAn Street, BaoAn District, Shenzhen, China.
Test specification:	
Standard:	IEC 62109-2:2011
Test procedure:	Commissioned test
Non-standard test method:	N/A
Test item description:	Photovoltaic inverter
Trade Mark:	SEAR
Manufacturer:	Same as the applicant
Model/Type reference:	HYD 10KTL-3PH, HYD 15KTL-3PH, HYD 20KTL-3PH
Ratings	See copy of marking label and model list.
Testing Laboratory:	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd
Testing location/ address::	Room 104, 204, 205, Building 1, No. 6, Industrial South Road, Songshan Lake District, Dongguan, Guangdong, China
Tested by (name, function, signature):	Colin Chen /Engineer
Approved by (name, function, signature):	Simon Qi /Chief Engineer

EARTHRU



List of Attachments (including a total number of pages in each attachment):			
See report BL-DG2030075-B01.			
Summary of testing:			
Tests performed (name of test and test clause):	Testing location:		
4.4.4.15.1 Fault-tolerance of residual current monitoring	See report BL-DG2030075-B01.		
4.4.4.15.2 Fault-tolerance of automatic disconnecting means			
4.4.4.17 Cooling system failure – Blanketing test			
4.8.2 Array insulation resistance detection for inverters for ungrounded and functionally grounded arrays			
4.8.3 Array residual current detection			
4.8.3.5 Protection by residual current monitoring			
Remark:			
 Other testing conditions considered in this test report, see General product information of the report BL-DG2030075-B01 for details. 			
Summary of compliance with National Differences (List of countries addressed):			
List of countries addressed: See report See report B	L-DG2030075-B01.		



Copy of marking plate: See report BL-DG2030075-B01.



Test item particulars:			
Equipment mobility:	 ☐ movable ☐ hand-held ☐ stationary ☑ fixed ☐ transportable ☐ for building-in 		
Connection to the mains:	□ pluggable equipment □ direct plug-in ☑ permanent connection □ for building-in		
Enviromental category:	☑ outdoor ☐ indoor ☐ indoor unconditional conditional		
Over voltage category Mains:			
Over voltage category PV:			
Mains supply tolerance (%):	According to specified supply range		
Tested for power systems:	TN		
IT testing, phase-phase voltage (V)	N/A		
Class of equipment:	 ☑ Class I □ Class II □ Class III □ Not classified 		
Mass of equipment (kg)	See model list		
Pollution degree:	PD3(Inside PD2)		
IP protection class:	IP65		
Possible test case verdicts:			
test case does not apply to the test object: N/A			
- test object does meet the requirement	P (Pass)		
- test object does not meet the requirement:	F (Fail)		
Testing:			
Date of receipt of test item:	See report BL-DG2030075-B01		
Date (s) of performance of tests	: See report BL-DG2030075-B01		
General remarks:			
"(See Enclosure #)" refers to additional information appended to the report. "(See appended table)" refers to a table appended to the report. The tests results presented in this report relate only to the object tested. This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of the testing laboratory. List of test equipment must be kept on file and available for review. Additional test data and/or information provided in the attachments to this report. Throughout this report a Comma <i>I</i> Point is used as the decimal separator.			
Manufacturer's Declaration per sub-clause 4.2.5 of I	ECEE 02:		
The application for obtaining a CB Test Certificate includes more than one factory location and a declaration from the Manufacturer stating that the sample(s) submitted for evaluation is (are) representative of the products from each factory has been provided	☐ Yes⊠ Not applicable		
When differences exist; they shall be identified in th	e General product information section.		



Name and address of factory (ies).....: :

See report BL-DG2030075-B01

General product information:

See report BL-DG2030075-B01

Throughout the test report following abbreviations may be used:

- cl clearance .
- creepage distance • dcr
- distance through insulation • dti
- PCE Power Conversion Equipment •
- basic insulation BI
- DI double insulation

- int internal distance open-circuit
- 0-C

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- o-l overload
 - short-circuit s-c
 - supplementary insulation SI
 - reinforced insulation



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Requirement + Test

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4	GENERAL TESTING REQUIREMENTS		Р
4.4.4	Single fault conditions to be applied		P
4.4.4.15	Fault-tolerance of protection for grid-interactive		P
	inverters		
4.4.4.15.1	Fault-tolerance of residual current monitoring	See appended table	Р
	according to 4.8.3.5: the residual current monitoring	4.4.4.15.1	
	system operates properly		
	a) The inverter ceases to operate		Р
	- Indicates a fault in accordance with §13.9		Р
	- Disconnect from the mains		Р
	- not re-connect after any sequence of removing and		Р
	reconnecting PV power		
	- not re-connect after any sequence of removing and		Р
	reconnecting AC power		
	- not re-connect after any sequence of removing and		Р
	reconnecting both PV and AC power		
	b) The inverter continues to operate		Р
	- the residual current monitoring system operates		Р
	properly under single fault condition		
	 Indicates a fault in accordance with §13.9 		Р
	c) The inverter continues to operate regardless of		Р
	loss of residual current monitoring functionality		
	 not re-connect after any sequence of removing and 		Р
	reconnecting PV power		
	- not re-connect after any sequence of removing and		Р
	reconnecting AC power		
	- not re-connect after any sequence of removing and		Р
	reconnecting both PV and AC power		
4 4 4 4 5 0	- Indicates a fault in accordance with §13.9		P
4.4.4.15.2	Fault-tolerance of automatic disconnecting means		P
4.4.4.15.2	arid interactive, inverter from the mains shall:		Р
. 1	disconnect all grounded current carrying conductors		D
	from the mains		Г
	- disconnect all ungrounded current-carrying conductors		Р
	from the mains		
	- be such that with a single fault applied to the	See appended table	Р
	disconnection means or to any other location in the	4.4.4.15.2 Fault-tolerance of	
	inverter, at least basic insulation or simple separation	automatic disconnecting	
	is maintained between the PV array and the mains		
	when the disconnecting means is intended to be in the		
	open state.		
4.4.4.15.2	Design of insulation or separation complies with		Р
.2	requirements of 7.3.7 of Part 1: report here Part 1		
	comment and verdict.		
4.4.4.15.2	For non-isolated inverter, automatic checking of the	See appended test table	Р
.3	isolation provided by a disconnect means after single	4.4.4.15.2 Fault-tolerance of	
	Tault.	automatic disconnecting.	
	I UNE CHECK Tall:		Р
	- any suil-iuncuonal disconnection means shall be leπ in the open position		
	at least basic or simple separation shall be maintained		D



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	between the PV input and the mains		
	- the inverter shall not start operation		Р
	- the inverter shall indicate a fault in accordance with		Р
	13.9		
4.4.4.16	A stand-alone inverter with a transfer switch to	The PCE haven' such	N/A
	transfer AC loads from the mains or other AC bypass	device	
	shall continue to operate normally		NI/A
	- shall continue to operate normally shall not present a risk of fire as the result of an out of		
	phase transfer		11/7
	- shall not present a risk of shock as the result of an out-		N/A
	of-phase transfer		
	- And having control preventing switching: components		N/A
	for malfunctioning		
4.4.4.17	Cooling system failure – Blanketing test	See appended test table	Р
	No hazards according to the criteria of sub-clause	Cooling system failure –	
	4.4.3 of Part 1 shall result from blanketing the inverter	Blanketing test.	
	I his test is not required for inverters restricted to use		
	Test ston condition: time duration value or stabilized		Þ
	temperature		Г
4.7	ELECTRICAL RATINGS TESTS		Р
4.7.4	Stand-alone Inverter AC output voltage and frequency		P
4.7.4.1	General		Р
4.7.4.2	Steady state output voltage at nominal DC input		Р
	The steady-state AC output voltage shall not be less		
	than 90 % or more than 110 % of the rated nominal		
	voltage with the inverter supplied with its nominal		
	value of DC input voltage.		
4.7.4.3	Steady state output voltage across the DC input range		Р
	than 85 % or more than 110 % of the rated nominal		
	voltage with the inverter supplied with any value within		
	the rated range of DC input voltage.		
4.7.4.4	Load step response of the output voltage at nominal		Р
	DC input		
	The AC output voltage shall not be less than 85 % or		
	more than 110 % of the rated nominal voltage for more		
	than 1,5 s after application or removal of a resistive		
4745	load.		
4.7.4.5	The steady state Output frequency		Р
	from the nominal value by more than $+4\%$ or -6%		
475	Stand-alone inverter output voltage waveform		P
4.7.5.1	General		P
4.7.5.2	The AC output voltage waveform of a sinusoidal	Max. THD: 4.2%	P
	output stand-alone inverter shall have a total harmonic		-
	distortion (THD) not exceeding of 10 % and no		
	individual harmonic at a level exceeding 6 %.		
4.7.5.3	Non-sinusoidal output waveform requirements	The PCE is sinusoidal output	N/A
		waveform type	
4.7.5.3.1	General		N/A
4.7.5.3.2	The total harmonic distortion (THD) of the voltage		N/A



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	waveform shall not exceed 40 %.		
4.7.5.3.3	The slope of the rising and falling edges of the positive		N/A
	and negative half-cycles of the voltage waveform shall		
	not exceed 10 V/µs measured between the points at		
	which the waveform has a voltage of 10 % and 90 % of		
	the peak voltage for that half-cycle.		
4.7.5.3.4	The absolute value of the peak voltage of the positive		N/A
	and negative half-cycles of the waveform shall not		
	exceed 1,414 times 110 % of the RMS value of the rated		
	nominal AC output voltage.		
4.7.5.4	Information requirements for non-sinusoidal		N/A
	waveforms		
	The instructions provided with a stand-alone inverter		
	not complying with 4.7.5.2 shall include the		
	information in 5.3.2.6.		
4755	Output voltage waveform requirements for inverters for	dedicated loads	N/A
	For an inverter that is intended only for use with a know	in dedicated load the	
	following requirements may be used as an alternative to	the waveform requirements	
	in 4 7 5 2 to 4 7 5 3		
	The combination of the inverter and dedicated load shall be	See attached document:	Ν/Δ
	evaluated to ensure that the output waveform does not	4 7 5 5 Evaluation of inverter	
	cause any bazards in the load equipment and inverter, or	for dedicated load	
	cause any nazarus in the load equipment and invener, of		
	cause the load equipment to fail to comply with the		
	The inverter shell be marked with symbols 0 and 15 of		N1/A
	The inverter shall be marked with symbols 9 and 15 of		N/A
			N 1/A
	The installation instructions provided with the inverter shall		N/A
	Include the information in 5.3.2.13.		
4.8	ADDITIONAL TESTS FOR GRID-INTERACTIVE INVERTE	RS	Р
4.8.1	General requirements regarding inverter isolation and		N/A
	array grounding		
	- Type of Array grounding supported:		N/A
	- Inverter isolation		N/A
4.8.2	Array insulation resistance detection for inverters for	(See attached table)	Р
	ungrounded and functionally grounded arrays		
4.8.2.1	Array insulation resistance detection for inverters for	See below.	Р
	ungrounded arrays		
	Inverter shall have means to measure DC insulation		Р
	resistance from PV input (array) to ground before starting		
	operation		
	Or Inverter shall be provided with instruction in accordance		Р
	with 5 3 2 11		-
	Measured DC insulation resistance		Р
	Inverter measurement circuit shall be capable of detecting	1	P
	insulation resistance below the limit value P- Vmax/30mA		•
	under normal conditions		
	Inverter moneuroment circuit shell be senable of detecting		
	inventer medsurement circuit shall be capable of detecting		
	usith ground foult in the DV areas		
	isolated inverters shall indicate a fault if the insulation		
	resistance is less than the limit value		
	Isolated inverter fault indication maintained until insulation	Non-isolated inverter	N/A
	resistance has recovered to a value higher than the limit		



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	value		
	Non-isolated inverters, or inverters with isolation not complying	ng with the leakage current	P
	limits in the minimum inverter isolation requirements in Table 30		
	shall indicate a fault in appardance with 12.0	50.	
	- Shall indicate a fault in accordance with 15.9		<u> </u>
	- shall not connect to the mains		<u> </u>
4.8.2.2	Array insulation resistance detection for inverters for functionally grounded arrays	Inverters connected to ungrounded arrays.	N/A
	a-1)The value of the total resistance, including the		N/A
	intentional resistance for array functional grounding, the		
	expected insulation resistance of the array to ground, and		
	the resistance of any other networks connected to ground		
	(for example measurement networks) must not be lower		
	than R = (VMAX PV/30 mA) ohms.		
	a-2) The installation instructions shall include the		N/A
	information required in 5.3.2.12.		
	b-1) As an alternative to a), or if a resistor value lower than		N/A
	in a) is used, the inverter shall incorporate means to detect,		
	during operation, if the total current through the resistor		
	and any networks (for example measurement networks) in		
	parallel with it, exceeds the residual current values and		
	times in Table 31		
	b-2) Inverter shall either disconnect the resistor or limit the		N/A
	current by other means		
	b-3) If the inverter is a non-isolated inverter, or has isolation		N/A
	not complying with the leakage current limits in the		
	minimum inverter isolation requirements in Table 30, it		
	shall also disconnect from the mains.		
	c) The inverter shall have means to measure the DC		N/A
	insulation resistance from the PV input to ground before		
	starting operation, in accordance with 4.8.2.1.		
4.8.3	Array residual current detection		Р
4.8.3.1	General		Р
4.8.3.2	30 mA touch current type test for isolated inverters	See appended table	Р
		4.8.3.2 30mA touch current	
		type test for isolated inverters	
4.8.3.3	Fire hazard residual current type test for isolated	See appended table	Р
	inverters	4.8.3.3 Fire hazard residual	
		current type test for isolated	
		inverters	
4.8.3.4	Protection by application of RCD's	Not used.	N/A
	- The requirement for additional protection in 4.8.3.1 can		N/A
	be met by provision of an RCD with a residual current		
	setting of 30 mA. located between the inverter and the		
	mains		
	- The selection of the RCD type to ensure compatibility		N/A
	with the inverter must be made according to rules for		
	RCD selection in Part 1.		
	- The RCD provided integral to the inverter, or		N/A
	- The RDC provided by the installer if details of the		N/A
	rating type and location for the RCD are given in the		
	installation instructions per 5.3.2.9		
4835	Protection by residual current monitoring	RCMLLused for monitoring	P
		the residual current.	



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Requirement + Test

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4.8.3.5.1	General		Р
	Where required by Table 30, the inverter shall provide		Р
	residual current monitoring that functions whenever the		
	inverter is connected to the mains with the automatic		
	disconnection means closed.		
	The residual current monitoring means shall measure the		Р
	total (both a.c. and d.c. components) RMS current.		
	As indicated in Table 30 for different inverter types, array		Р
	types, and inverter isolation levels, detection may be		
	required for excessive continuous residual current,		
	excessive sudden changes in residual current, or both,		
	according to the following inflits.	within 0.2 a and indicate a fault	
	in accordance with 13.9 if the continuous residual current exe	within 0,5 S and indicate a fault	F
	maximum 200 mA for investors with continuous output		
	 maximum soo ma for inverters with continuous ouput power rating <30kV; 		P
	- maximum 10 mA per kVA of rated continuous output		N/A
	power for inverters with continuous output power		
	rating > 30 kVA.		
	The inverter may attempt to re-connect if the array		Р
	insulation resistance meets the limit in 4.8.2.		
	b) Sudden changes in residual current: The inverter shall		Р
	disconnect from the mains within the time specified in		
	Table 31		
	The inverter indicates a fault in accordance with 13.9, if a		Р
	sudden increase in the RMS residual current is detected		
	exceeding the value in the table.		
	I ne inverter may attempt to re-connect if the array		Р
40050	Insulation resistance meets the limit in 4.8.2.		
4.8.3.5.2	Test for detection of excessive continuous residual	A 8 2 5 2 Test for detection of	Р
	current: lest repeated 5 times and time to disconnect	4.0.3.5.2 Test for detection of	
		current	
48353	Test for detection of sudden changes in residual	Carrent	P
4.0.0.0.0	current repeated 5 times and each of the 5 results shall		•
	not exceed the time limit indicated in for each row		
	(30mA, 60mA and 150mA) of Table 31.		
4.8.3.6	Systems located in closed electrical operating areas	Not specified to be located in	N/A
		closed electrical operating	
		area.	
	The protection against shock hazard is not required if		N/A
	the installation information provided with the inverter		
	indicates the restriction for use in a closed electrical		
	operating area, and		
	Installation information indicates what forms of shock		N/A
	hazard protection are and are not provided integral to the		
	Inverter, in accordance with 5.3.2.7.		
	I he inverter shall be marked as in 5.2.2.6.		N/A
5	MARKING AND DOCUMENTATION		P
5.1	Marking		P
5.1.4	Equipment ratings		P
	PV input ratings:		P
	 Vmax PV (absolute maximum) (d.c. V) 		P



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Ρ

Ρ

Ρ

Ρ

Р

N/A

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	- Isc PV (absolute maximum) (d.c. A)	Р
	a.c. output ratings:	Р
	- Voltage (nominal or range) (a.c. V)	Р
	- Current (maximum continuous) (a.c. A)	Р
	- Frequency (nominal or range) (Hz)	Р
	- Power (maximum continuous) (W or VA)	Р
	- Power factor range	P
	a.c input ratings:	N/A
	- Voltage (nominal or range) (a.c. V)	N/A
	- Current (maximum continuous) (a.c. A)	N/A
	- Frequency (nominal or range) (Hz)	N/A
	d.c. output ratings:	N/A
	- Voltage (nominal or range) (d.c. V)	N/A
	- Current (maximum continuous) (d.c. A)	N/A
	Protective class (I or II or III)	Р
	Ingress protection (IP) rating per part 1	Р
	An inverter that is adjustable for more than one nominal	N/A
	output voltage shall be marked to indicate the particular	
	voltage for which it is set when shipped from the factory.	
5.2	Warning markings	Р
5.2.2	Content for warning markings	Р
5.2.2.6	Inverters for closed electrical operating areas	P
	Where required by 4.8.3.6, an inverter not provided with	P
	full protection against shock hazard on the PV array shall	
	be marked with a warning that the inverter is only for use	
	in a closed electrical operating area, and referring to the	
5.0	Installation instructions.	
5.3	Documentation	
5.3.2	Information related to installation	
5.3.2.1	Ratings. Subclause 5.3.2 of Part 1 requires the documentation to include ratings	
	Table 33 below. Only those ratings that are applicable based on the type of inverter	
	are required	
	DV input quantities :	D
	- Vmax PV (absolute maximum) (d.c. V)	P
	P\/ input operating voltage range (d.c. V)	D
	Avinum operating PV input current (d.c. A)	
	- Maximum operating PV input current (d.c. A)	
	- Isc PV (absolute maximum) (d.c. A)	Г
	- ISCEV (absolute maximum) (u.c. A)	
	- Max. Inverter backleed current to the array (a.c. of	F
		D
	Voltage (nominal or range) (a.c. V)	
	= Current (maximum continuous) (a c A)	
	- Current (inrush) (a c. A neak and duration)	Г D
	- Current (initiality) (a.c. A, peak and curation)	Г

a.c. input quantities:

Frequency (nominal or range) (Hz)

Power factor range

duration or RMS)

Power (maximum continuous) (W or VA)

Maximum output fault current (a.c. A, peak and

Maximum output overcurrent protection (a.c. A)

-

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	·	·	
	- Voltage (nominal or range) (a.c. V)		N/A
	- Current (maximum continuous) (a.c. A)		N/A
	- Current (inrush) (a.c. A, peak and duration)		N/A
	- Frequency (nominal or range) (Hz)		N/A
	d.c input (other than PV) quantities:		Р
	- Voltage (nominal or range) (d.c. V)		Р
	- Nominal battery voltage (d.c. V)		Р
	- Current (maximum continuous) (d.c. A)		Р
	d.c. output quantities:		N/A
	- Voltage (nominal or range) (d.c. V)		N/A
	- Nominal battery voltage (d.c. V)		N/A
	- Current (maximum continuous) (d.c. A)		N/A
	Protective class (I or II or III)		Р
	Ingress protection (IP) rating per part 1		Р
5.3.2.2	Grid-interactive inverter setpoints		N/A
	For a grid-interactive unit with field adjustable trip points,		N/A
	trip times, or reconnect times, the presence of such		
	controls, the means for adjustment, the factory default		
	values, and the limits of the ranges of adjustability shall		
	be provided in the documentation for the PCE or in other		
	format such as on a website.		
	The patting of field adjustable patrointe shall be		NI/A
	The setting of field adjustable setpoints shall be		IN/A
5222			D
3.3.2.3	whether an internal isolation transformer is provided, and	Transformer-less inverter	
	if so what level of insulation (functional basic reinforced		
	or double) is provided by that transformer. The		
	instructions shall also indicate what the resulting		
	installation requirements are regarding such things as		
	earthing or not earthing the array, providing external		
	residual current detection devices, etc.		
	An inverter shall be provided with information to the installe	er regarding:	-
	- providing of internal isolation transformer		N/A
	- the level of insulation (functional, basic, reinforced, or		N/A
	double)		
	The instructions shall also indicate what the resulting insta	Ilation requirements are	P
	regarding:		_
	- earthing or not earthing the array	not earthing the array	Р
	providing external residual current detection devices		N/A
	- requiring an external isolation transformer,		N/A
5.3.2.4	Transformers required but not provided		N/A
	An inverter that requires an external isolation transformer n	not provided with the unit, shall	N/A
	be provided with instructions that specify, and for the extern	nal isolation transformer with	
	which it is interided to be used.		N1/A
	- the configuration type		
	- electrical ratings		
5205	- environmentarratings		
5.3.2.5	Non isolated inverters shall be provided with installation		
	instructions that require PV modules that have an IFC		

61730 Class A rating



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	If the maximum AC mains operating voltage is higher than		N/A
	the PV array maximum system voltage then the		
	instructions shall require PV modules that have a		
	maximum system voltage rating based upon the AC		
	mains voitage.		
5.3.2.6	Non-sinusoidal output waveform information	Grid-connection inverter.	<u>N/A</u>
	I he instruction manual for a stand-alone inverter not compl	ying with 4.7.5.2 shall include	N/A
	a warning that:		
	- the waveform is not sinusoidal,		<u>N/A</u>
	- some loads may experience increased heating,		N/A
	- the user should consult the manufacturers of the		N/A
	intended load equipment before operating that load		
	with the inverter		
	The inverter manufacturer shall provide information regarding	ng:	-
	 what types of loads may experience increased 		N/A
	heating		
	- recommendations for maximum operating times with		N/A
	such loads		
	The inverter manufacturer shall specify for the waveforms a 4.7.5.3.2 through 4.7.5.3.4.:	as determined by the testing in	-
	- THD		N/A
	- slope		N/A
	- peak voltage		N/A
5.3.2.7	Systems located in closed electrical operating areas	Not specified to be located in	N/A
		closed electrical operating	
	Where required by 4.8.3.6, an inverter not provided with full	area.	NI/A
	bazard on the PV array shall be provided with installation in	structions:	IN/A
	requiring that the inverter and the array must be		NI/A
	installed in closed electrical operating areas		
	indicating which forms of shock bazard protection are		NI/A
	and are not provided integral to the inverter (for		
	example the RCD isolation transformer complying		
	with the 30 mA touch current limit or residual current		
	monitoring for sudden changes)		
5328	Stand-alone inverter output circuit bonding		P
0.0.2.0	Where required by 7.3.10, the documentation for an inverte	r shall include the following:	 P
	- if output circuit bonding is required but is not provided	i shai include the following.	 P
	integral to the inverter, the required means shall be		
	described in the installation instructions including		
	which conductor is to be bonded and the required		
	current carrying capability or cross-section of the		
	bonding means:		
	- if the output circuit is intended to be floating, the		N/A
	documentation for the inverter shall indicate that the		
	output is floating.		
5.3.2.9	Protection by application of RCD's	Integrated RCM provided in inverter	N/A
	Where the requirement for additional protection in 4.8.3.1		N/A
	is met by requiring an RCD that is not provided integral to		
	the inverter, as allowed by 4.8.3.4, the installation		
	instructions shall state the need for the RCD.		



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	and shall specify its rating, type, and required circuit	N/A
5.3.2.10	Remote indication of faults	P
	The installation instructions shall include an explanation	 P
	of how to properly make connections to (where	
	applicable), and use, the electrical or electronic fault	
	indication required by 13.9.	
5.3.2.11	External array insulation resistance measurement	N/A
	The installation instructions for an inverter for use with unsrounded errors that doe	
	incorporate all the aspects of the insulation resistance measurement and response	S NOL N/A
	requirements in 4.8.2.1, must include:	,
	- for isolated inverters: an explanation of what aspects	N/A
	of array insulation resistance measurement and response	
	are not provided, and	
	 an instruction to consult local regulations to determine 	N/A
	if any additional functions are required or not;	
	- for non-isolated inverters: an explanation of what	N/A
	external equipment must be provided in the system,	
	and	
	- what the setpoints and response implemented by that	N/A
	equipment must be, and:	
	- how that equipment is to be interfaced with the rest of	N/A
	the system.	
5.3.2.12	Array functional grounding information	N/A
	where approach a) of 4.8.2.2 is used, the installation instructions for the inverter s include all of the following:	nali N/A
	a) the value of the total resistance between the PV	N/A
	circuit and ground integral to the inverter	
	b) the minimum array insulation resistance to ground	N/A
	that system designer or installer must meet when	
	selecting the PV panel and system design, based on	
	the minimum value that the design of the PV	
	functional grounding in the inverter was based	
	on;	
	c) the minimum value of the total resistance R = VMAX	N/A
	PV/30 mA that the system must meet, with an	
	explanation of how to calculate the	
	total;	
	d) a warning that there is a risk of shock hazard if the	N/A
E 2 2 4 2	Crid connection inverters for dedicated lands	tor NI/A
5.3.2.13	Stand-alone inverters for dedicated loads Glid-connection inver	ter. N/A
	instructions for the inverter shall include a warning that	IN/A
	the inverter is only to be used with the dedicated load for	
	which it was evaluated and	
<u> </u>	shall specify the dedicated load	Ν/Δ
53214	Identification of firmware version(s)	30075- P
5.0.2.14		
	An inverter utilizing firmware for any protective functions	Р
	shall provide means to identify the firmware version.	



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	This can be a marking, but the information can also be		Р				
	provided by a display panel, communications port or any						
	other type of user interface						
7	PROTECTION AGAINST ELECTRIC SHOCK AND ENERG	Y HAZARDS	P				
7.3	Protection against electric shock		P				
7.3.10	Additional requirements for stand-alone inverters		P				
	One circuit conductor bonded to earth to create a		Р				
	grounded conductor and an earthed system.						
	The means used to bond the grounded conductor to		N/A				
	protective earth provided within the inverter or						
	as part of the installation	External earthing needed.	Р				
	If not provided integral to the inverter, the required means		N/A				
	shall be described in the installation instructions as per						
	5.3.2.8.						
	The means used to bond the grounded conductor to		Р				
	protective earth shall comply with the requirements for						
	protective bonding in Part 1,		N1/A				
	If the bond can only ever carry fault currents in stand-		N/A				
	alone mode, the maximum current for the bond is						
	Output aircuit handing arrangements shall ansure that in		N1/A				
	output circuit bonding all angements shall ensure that in		IN/A				
	any mode of operation, the system only has the grounded						
	Switching arrangements may be used in which case the						
	switching device used is to be subjected to the bond		IN/A				
	impedance test along with the rest of the bonding nath						
	Inverters intended to have a circuit conductor bonded to		P				
	earth shall not impose any normal current on the bond						
	except for leakage current.						
	Outputs that are intentionally floating with no circuit		P				
	conductor bonded to ground, must not have any voltages		-				
	with respect to ground that are a shock hazard in						
	accordance with Clause 7 of Parts 1 and 2.						
	The documentation for the inverter shall indicate that the		N/A				
	output is floating as per 5.3.2.8.						
7.3.11	Functionally grounded arrays		N/A				
	All PV conductors in a functionally grounded array shall		N/A				
	be treated as being live parts with respect to protection						
	against electric shock.						
9	PROTECTION AGAINST FIRE HAZARDS		P				
9.3	Short-circuit and overcurrent protection		P				
9.3.4	Inverter backfeed current onto the array		P				
	The backfeed current testing and documentation requireme	nts in Part 1 apply, including	Р				
	but not limited to the following.						
	Inverter backfeed current onto the PV array maximum		Р				
	I his inverter backfeed current value shall be provided in		Р				
	the installation instructions regardless of the value of the						
40							
13			<u>Р</u>				
13.9	Fault Indication		۲ ۲				
	vinere inis Part 2 requires the inverter to indicate a fault, bo	out of the following shall be	Р				
1							



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a) a visible or audible indication, integral to the inverter, and detectable from outside the inverter, and	LCD panel is available for fault indication.	Р
b) an electrical or electronic indication that can be remotely accessed and used.	RS485 port are available for remoting communication	Р
The installation instructions shall include information regarding how to properly make connections (where applicable) and use the electrical or electronic means in b) above, in accordance with 5.3.2.10.		Р



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		•		

4.4.4	TABLE: Single fault condition to be applied							
	Ambient tempera	ture (°C)	•••••	•••••		25°C, if r	not stated otherwise	
	Power source for	EUT: Ma	nufactur	er,		DC Source:		
	model/type, outp	ut rating	•••••	•••••	•••••	Chroma,	62150H-1000S, 15kW.	
							ce:	
						WLPA-3	3075KVA, 75KVA.	
4.4.4.15.1	Fault-tolerance o	f residual	current	monit	toring]		
Component No.	t Fault Supply Test Fuse voltage time (V)			se #	Fuse current (A)	Observation		
Residual	Loss / failure (R8	DC 600	10 min.	-	-		PCE didn't start to work. Relay	opened.
Current monitoring uint	0-C)						SD, DG, RO, NCD, NH, PEST.	
Residual	Loss / failure	DC 600	10 min.	10 min			PCE didn't start to work. Relay	opened.
Current monitoring	(R244 o-c)						SD, DG, RO, NCD, NH, PEST.	
uint								
Check that th	he residual curren	t monitor	ing opera	ates p	rope	rly	RCMU operates properly.	
Legend								
FID	Fault Indication				MT		Max. Temperature	
SD	PCE Shut Down:				DG		Disconnection To Grid	
RO	Recovered to Operate after removing the single fault setting				NCE	D No Comp. or parts Damaged		
NH	No Hazards occurred				PES	Pass the Electric Strength Test.		
BI	Basic insulation				SI		Supplementary insulation	
DI	Double insulation				RI		Reinforced insulation	
FI	Functional insulation				o-l		over-load.	
S-C	short-circuited				0-C		open-circuited	
Supplementary information:								

Supplementary information:

The electric strength test performed after fault condition test and see appended table 7.5.2 of Part1 for detailed test conditions.



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Clause	Pequirement + Test
Clause	Requirement + rest

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4.4.4	TABLE: Single fault condition to be applied							Р
	Ambient tempe	erature (°C	C)		•••••	25°C, if r	not stated otherwise	
	Power source f	for EUT: N	/lanufactu	urer,		DC Source:		
	model/type, ou	tput rating	g	•••••	•••••	Chroma,	62150H-1000S, 15kW.	
				AC Sour	ce:			
					Kewell, ł	KACM-75-33, 75KVA.		
4.4.4.15.2	Fault-tolerance	of autom	atic disc	onne	cting	means		<u></u>
Component No.	Fault Supply Test Fuse # voltage time (V)			Fuse current (A)	Observation			
Relay function	Loss / failure	DC 600	10 min.	-			PCE didn't start to work. Relay	opened.
checking	(RL1 s-c)						SD, DG, RO, NCD, NH, PEST.	
Relay function	Loss / failure	DC 600	10 min.	n			PCE didn't start to work. Relay	opened.
checking	(RL2 s-c)					SD, DG, RO, NCD, NH, PEST.		
Check that the separation ba	Check that the relays fulfil the basic insulation or simple separation based on the PV circuit working voltage.			ple		Relays fulfil the basic insulation separation.	or simple	
Each active p	hase can be swit	ched. (L a	and N)				All pole disconnection.	
Legend								
FID	Fault Indication				MT		Max. Temperature	
SD	PCE Shut Down:				DG		Disconnection To Grid	
RO	Recovered to Ope single fault setting	erate after	removing	the	NCD	No Comp. or parts Damaged		
NH	No Hazards occur	red			PES	PEST Pass the Electric Streng		•
BI	Basic insulation				SI	Supplementary insulation		
DI	Double insulation			RI	RI Reinforced insulation			
FI	-unctional insulation			o-l	over-load.			
S-C	short-circuited o-				о-с		open-circuited	
Supplementar	y information:							
The electric str conditions.	ength test perform	ed after fa	ult conditio	on tes	st and	see appe	nded table 7.5.2 of Part1 for deta	iled test



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4.4.4.17	.4.17 Cooling system fainlure – Blanketing test							
	Test voltage (Vdc):	600						
	Test current (Idc)	34						
	Test voltage (Vac):	230						
	Test current (lac)	30						
	t _{amb1} (°C):	See below.						
	t _{amb2} (°C):	See below.	_					
maximum temperature T of part/at::		Т (°	T _{max} (°C)					
1.	Ambient	50	60					
2.	DC terminals	67.6	72.6	80				
3.	AC terminals	69.0	76.0	95				
4.	Enclosure outside near panel (non- metallic)	73.2	78.3	85				
5.	Enclosure outside near inverter inductor (metallic)	71.9	82.1	90				
6.	Mount surface	71.7	76.2	90				
Supplemer	ntary information:	· ·						

ninal DC input (V) ninal output AC vo requency (Hz)) oltage (V) :	600 230			
ninal output AC vo	oltage (V) :	230			
requency (Hz)	Condition/status	O a man a mta			
	Condition/status	Comments			
50.01	Without load	Р			
50.00	Resistive load application	Р			
50.01 Resistive load removal P					
r	50.01 50.00 50.01 nformation:	50.01 Without load 50.00 Resistive load application 50.01 Resistive load removal oformation: Image: Construction			

4.8.2	TABLE: Array insulation resistance detection for inverters for ungrounded and functionally grounded arrays								
4.8.2.1	Array	Array insulation resistance detection for inverters for ungrounded arrays P							
DC Voltage below minimum operating (V)DC Voltage for inverter begin operation (V)Resistance between ground and PV input terminal (Ω)Required Insulation resistance R = (V _{MAX PV} / 30mA) (Ω)					lder	itification			
	DC+								



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I.8.2 TABLE: Array insulation resistance detection for inverters for ungrounded and functionally grounded arrays					Р		
4.8.2.1	Array	insulation resistanc	e detection for invert	ters for ungrounde	d arrays P		
DC Voltage b minimum oper voltage (V)	elow rating	DC Voltage for inverter begin operation (V)	Resistance between ground and PV input terminal (Ω)	Required Insulation resistance R = (V _{MAX PV} / 30mA) (Ω)	Identification		
100		180	I.F.	32.3	I.F.: Isolation	on Failure	
100		180	I.F.	32.3	N.O.: Norm	al Operation	
100		180	I.F.	33.3			
100		180	I.F.	33.3			
100		180	N.O.	34.3			
100		180	N.O.	34.3			
			DC-		-		
100		180	I.F.	32.3	I.F.: Isolatio	on Failure	
100		180	I.F.	32.3	N.O.: Norm	al Operation	
100		180	I.F.	33.3	1		
100		180	I.F.	33.3	1		
100		180	N.O.	34.3	1		
100		180	N.O.	34.3			

Note:

For isolated inverters, shall indicate a fault in accordance with 13.9 (operation is allowed); the fault indication shall be maintained until the array insulation resistance has recovered to a value higher than the limit above

For non-isolated inverters, or inverters with isolation not complying with the leakage current limits in the minimum inverter isolation requirements in Table 30, shall indicate a fault in accordance with 13.9, and shall not connect to the mains; the inverter may continue to make the measurement, may stop indicating a fault and may connect to the mains if the array insulation resistance has recovered to a value higher than the limit above.

It is not required to test all PV input terminals if analysis of the design indicates that one or more terminals can be expected to have the same result, for example where multiple PV string inputs are in parallel.

Supplementary information:

1) I.F. (FID: Isolation Failure)

2) Array Insulation Resistance Threshold Value R = 33.3 [k Ω] (should be larger than R=VMAX PV / 30mA) Ω.

4.8.3.2	TABLE: 30mA touch current type test for isolated inverters				
Condition		Current (mA)	Limit (30mA)		
DC+ to PE					
DC- to PE					
Supplementary information:					
Non-isolated type inverter.					



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TABLE: Fire hazard residual current type test for isolated inverters			
ondition	Current (mA)	Limit (300mA or 10mA pe	r kVA)
+ to PE			
- to PE			
	TABLE: Fire hazard i ondition + to PE - to PE	TABLE: Fire hazard residual current type test for isolate ondition Current (mA) + to PE C- to PE	TABLE: Fire hazard residual current type test for isolated inverters ondition Current (mA) Limit (300mA or 10mA per sector) + to PE c- to PE

Supplementary information: Non-isolated type inverter.

4.8.3.5	TABLE: Protection by residual current monitoring				Р	
Test conditions: Test conditions: Output power (kVA Input voltage (V _{DC}): Frequency (Hz) 50H Output AC Voltage		Output power (kVA) : Input voltage (V _{DC}): 50 Frequency (Hz) 50Hz Output AC Voltage (V	5kW 00Vdc V _{AC}): 400Vac			
4.8.3.5.2	Test for dete	ction of excessive conti	nuous residual current		Ρ	
	Fault Curre	nt (mA)	Disconnection time (ms)			
Measured Fault Currer	300mA f nt 10mA po	Limit or output power ≤ 30 kVA per kVA for output ower > 30 kVA	Measured Disconnection time		imit	
		+	PV to N:			
287.4		300	32.0	3	300	
287.4		300	83.0	3	300	
287.4		300	60.0	3	300	
287.4		300	44.0	3	300	
287.4		300	92.0	3	300	
- PV to N:						
296.4		300	34.0	3	300	
296.4		300	57.0	3	300	
296.4		300	49.0	3	300	
296.4		300	41.0	3	300	
296.4		300	54.0	3	300	

Note:

- maximum 300mA for inverters with continuous output power rating ≤30 kVA;

maximum 10mA per kVA of rated continuous output power for inverters with continuous output power rating > 30 kVA.

This test shall be repeated 5 times, and for all 5 tests the time to disconnect shall not exceed 0,3s. The test is repeated for each PV input terminal. It is not required to test all PV input terminals if analysis of the design indicates that one or more terminals can be expected to have the same result, for example where multiple

PV string inputs are in parallel.

Supplementary information:



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4.8.3.5.3	TABLE: Test for detection of sudden changes in residual current			
+PV to N				
Limit (mA)	U _N	Limit		
	Disconnection time (ms)	(ms)		
30	152	300		
30	150	300		
30	148	300		
30	158	300		
30	148	300		
60	86	150		
60	78	150		
60	86	150		
60	84	150		
60	86	150		
150	26	40		
150	27	40		
150	22	40		
150	20	40		
150	29	40		
	-PV to N			
Limit (mA)	U _N	Limit		
	Disconnection time (ms)	(ms)		
30	148	300		
30	158	300		
30	152	300		
30	150	300		
30	148	300		
60	84	150		
60	86	150		
60	94	150		
60	04	150		
60	00	150		
00	00	150		
150	27	40		
150	27	40		
150	22	40		
150	20	40		
150	26	40		
Note:				
The capaciti Test condition	ve current is raised until disconnection. on: I_c + 30/60/150mA <= I_{cmax} . R_1 is set that 30/60/150mA Flow and switch S is closed.			

olementar y information:

100% output power and Vmppmax input voltage



List of test equipment used:

No.	Equipment name	Manufacture	Serial No.	Calibration Data	Usage
1	Simulation of ac power supply	WLPA-33-1000KVA	BZ-DGD-L001		\checkmark
2	Solar IV simulator	WDGC-1000KW	BZ-DGD-L002		\checkmark
3	Programmable ac load	ACLT-38160H	BZ-DGD-L003		\checkmark
4	Power analyser	PW6001-16	BZ-DGD-L025	2021\3\04	\checkmark
5	Oscilloscope	MSO4054B	BZ-DGD-L028	2021\3\04	\checkmark
6	Heating Recorder	LR8400-21	BZ-DGD-L032	2020\8\28	\checkmark
7	Hi-Pot & IR tester	Chroma 19032	BZ-DGD-L066	2021\3\04	\checkmark
8	Noise meter	TES-1357	BZ-DGD-L029	2021\3\06	\checkmark
9	Digital Caliper	LS160	BZ-DGD-L048	2020\07/02	\checkmark
10	Testing Finger B	AUTO-B	BZ-DGD-L011	2020\11\1	\checkmark
11	DC Electronic Load	IT8511+	BZ-DGD -L027	2020\10\31	\checkmark
12	Pull and push	2P-1000	BZ-DGB-L080	2020\8\28	\checkmark
13	Electronic Scale	TCS-300	BZ-DGB-L020	2020\07/02	\checkmark
14	Thermostat	16m³	BZ-DGD-L015	2020\07/02	\checkmark
15	Surge generator	HCWG 70	BZ-DGE-L036	2020\5\6	\checkmark

- End of test report -